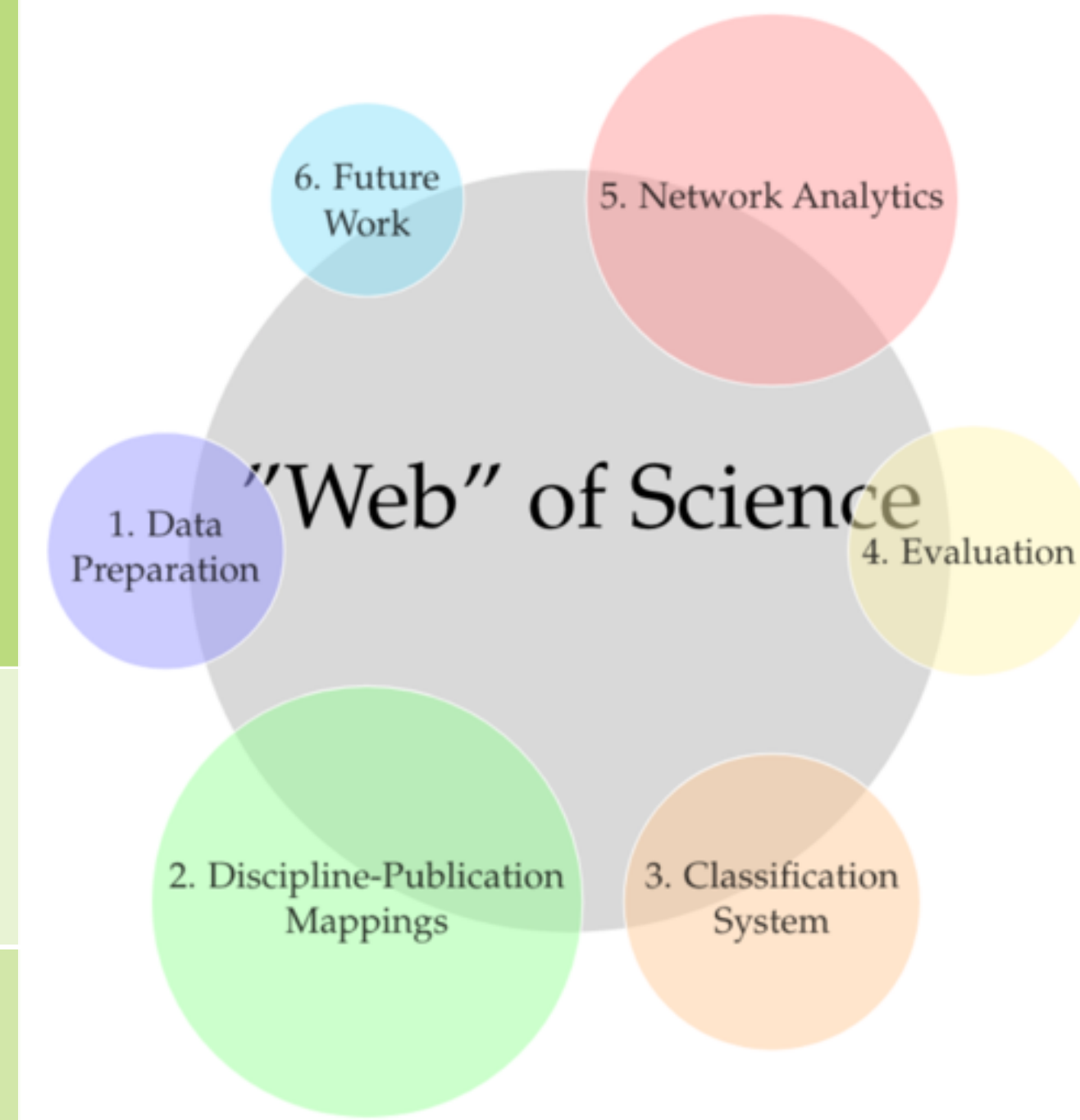


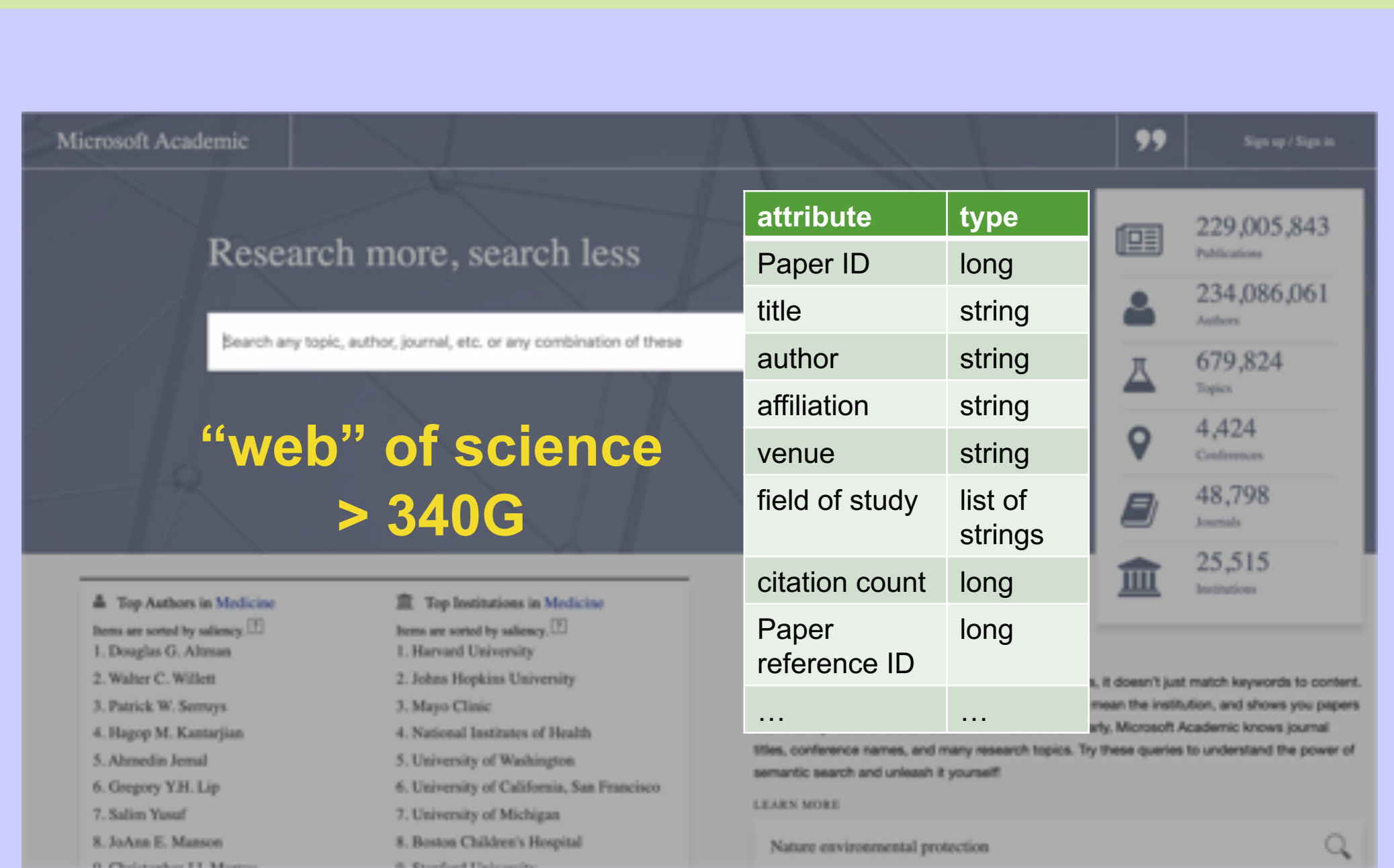
# Understanding the Web of Science Using Deep Learning



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## Research Goal:

- 1) A system that takes a growing amount of scholarly publications from each discipline and tells you to which discipline it belongs to.
- 2) Creation of networks that depict the publication behaviors of authors and institutions and how they impact the innovations and economic developments around the globe.



**1 Data Preparation (X)**  
 Microsoft Academic Service, frequent update, topics on different granularity for each discipline

- 2 Humanities
- 2.1 Anthropology
    - 2.1.1 Archaeology
  - 2.2 History
  - 2.3 Linguistics and languages
  - 2.4 Philosophy
  - 2.5 Religion
  - 2.6 The arts
    - 2.6.1 Culinary arts
    - 2.6.2 Literature
    - 2.6.3 Performing arts
    - 2.6.4 Visual arts

56 discipline by Wikipedia

**2 Discipline-Publication Mappings (YL1 – YL2 – YL3)**

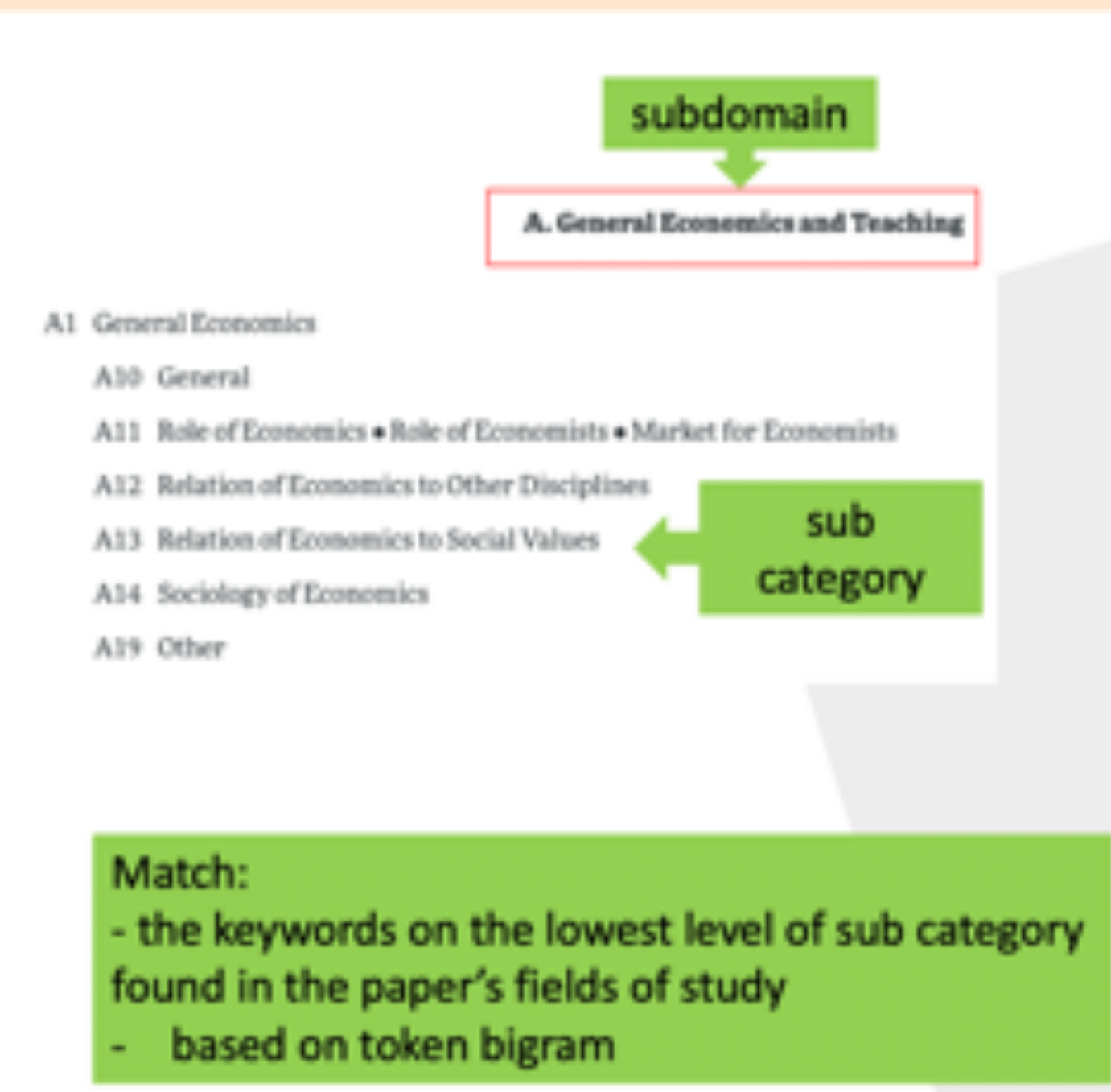
- H: Information Systems
  - H.0: GENERAL
  - H.1: MODELS AND PRINCIPLES
    - H.1.0: General
    - H.1.1: Systems and Information Theory
    - H.1.2: User/Machine Systems
    - H.1.m: Miscellaneous
  - H.2: DATABASE MANAGEMENT
    - H.2.0: General
    - H.2.1: Logical Design
    - H.2.2: Physical Design
    - H.2.3: Languages
    - H.2.4: Systems
    - H.2.5: Heterogeneous Databases
    - H.2.6: Database Machines
    - H.2.7: Database Administration
    - H.2.8: Database Applications
    - H.2.m: Miscellaneous

ACM classification for CS

- F: International Economics
  - F.0: General
  - F.0.0: Global Outlook
  - F.0.1: International Economic Order and Integration
  - F.1: Trade
  - F.1.0: General
  - F.1.1: Neoclassical Models of Trade
  - F.1.2: Models of Trade with Imperfect Competition and Scale Economies • Fragmentation
  - F.1.3: Trade Policy • International Trade Organizations
  - F.1.4: Empirical Studies of Trade
  - F.1.5: Economic Integration
  - F.1.6: Trade and Labor Market Interactions
  - F.1.7: Trade Forecasting and Simulation
  - F.1.8: Trade and Environment
  - F.1.9: Other

JEL classification for econ

- General Categories
- A General Economics and Teaching
  - B History of Economic Thought, Methodology, and Biographical Approaches
  - C Mathematical and Quantitative Methods
  - D Microeconomics
  - E Macroeconomics and Monetary Economics
  - F International Economics
  - G Financial Economics
  - H Public Economics
  - I Health, Education, and Welfare
  - J Labor and Demographic Economics
  - K Law and Economics
  - L Industrial Organization
  - M Business Administration and Business Economics • Marketing • Accounting • Personnel Economics
  - N Economic History
  - O Economic Development, Innovation, Technological Change, and Growth
  - P Economic Systems
  - Q Agricultural and Natural Resource Economics • Environmental and Ecological Economics
  - R Urban, Rural, Regional, Real Estate, and Transportation Economics
  - S Miscellaneous Categories
  - Z Other Special Topics



**3 Classification Systems (Generating training/testing material)**

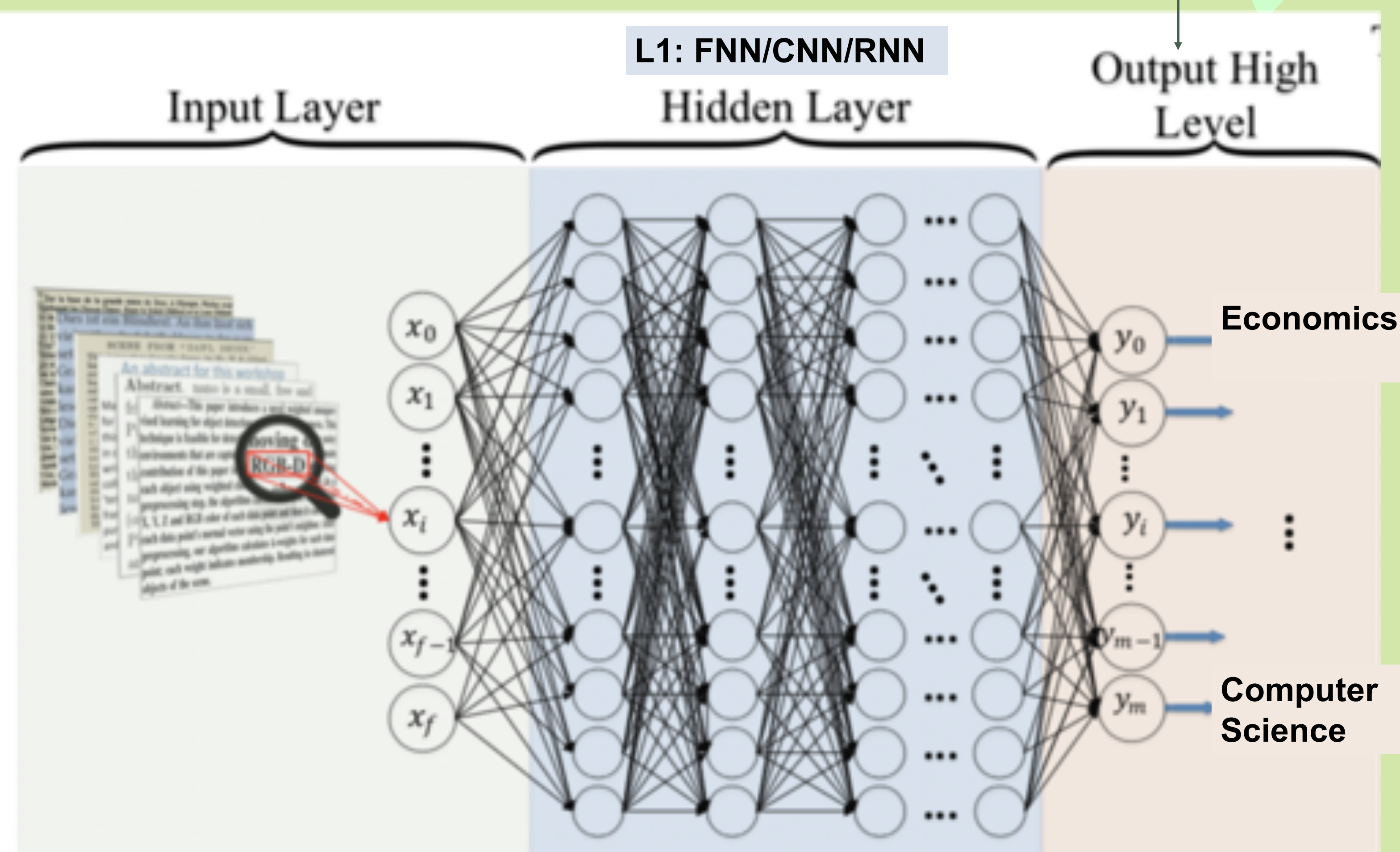
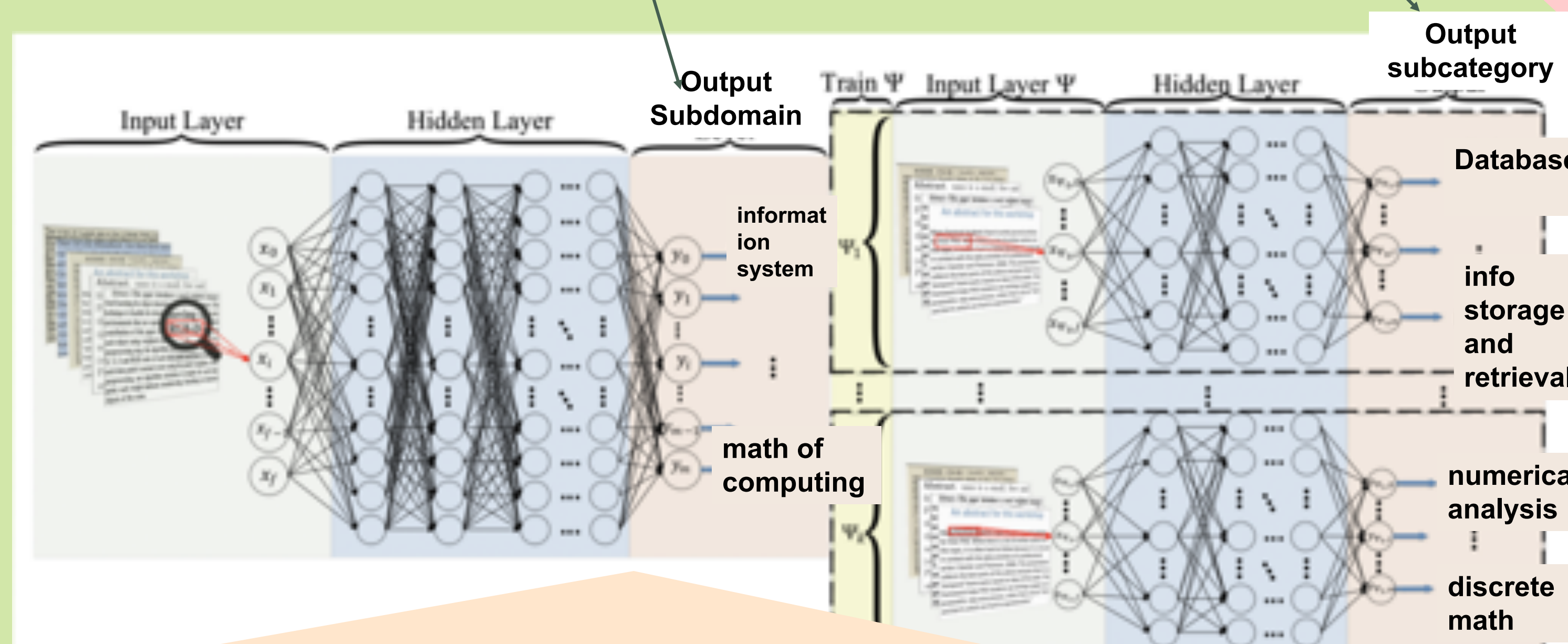
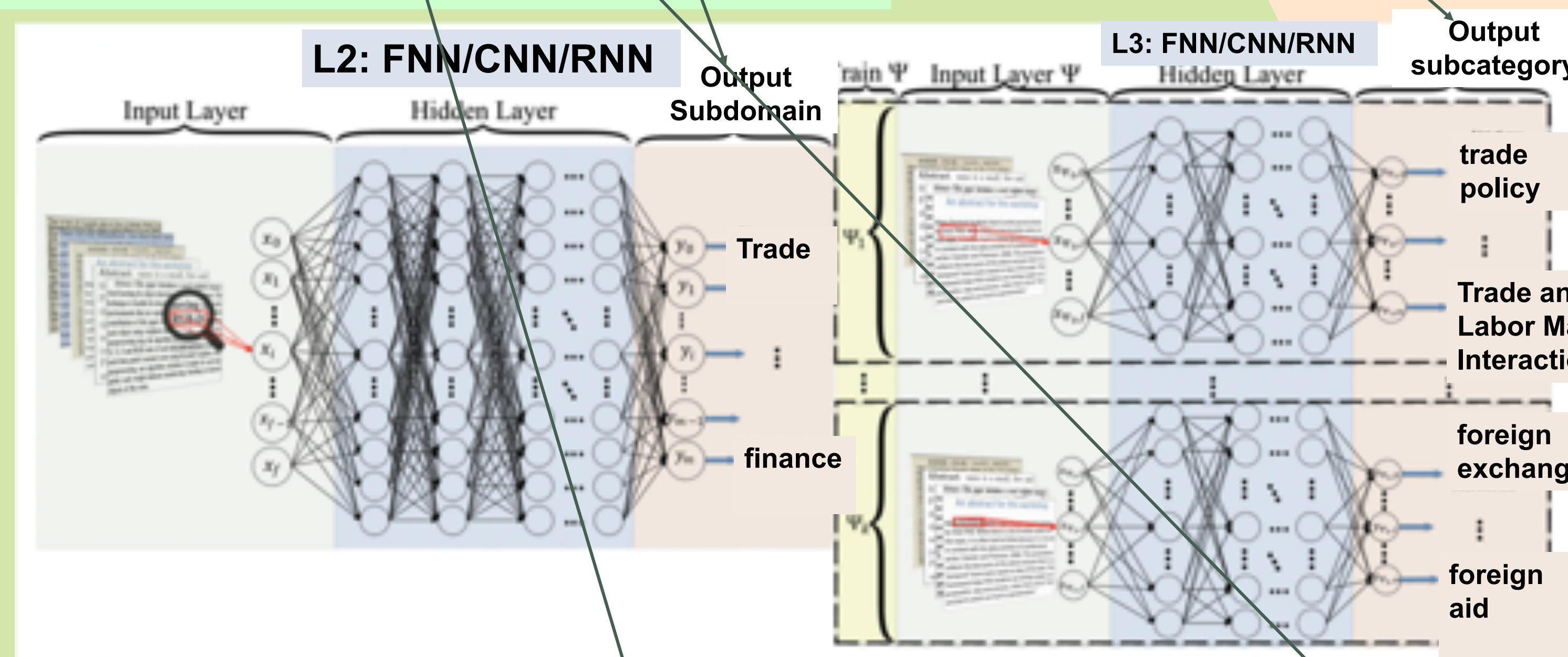


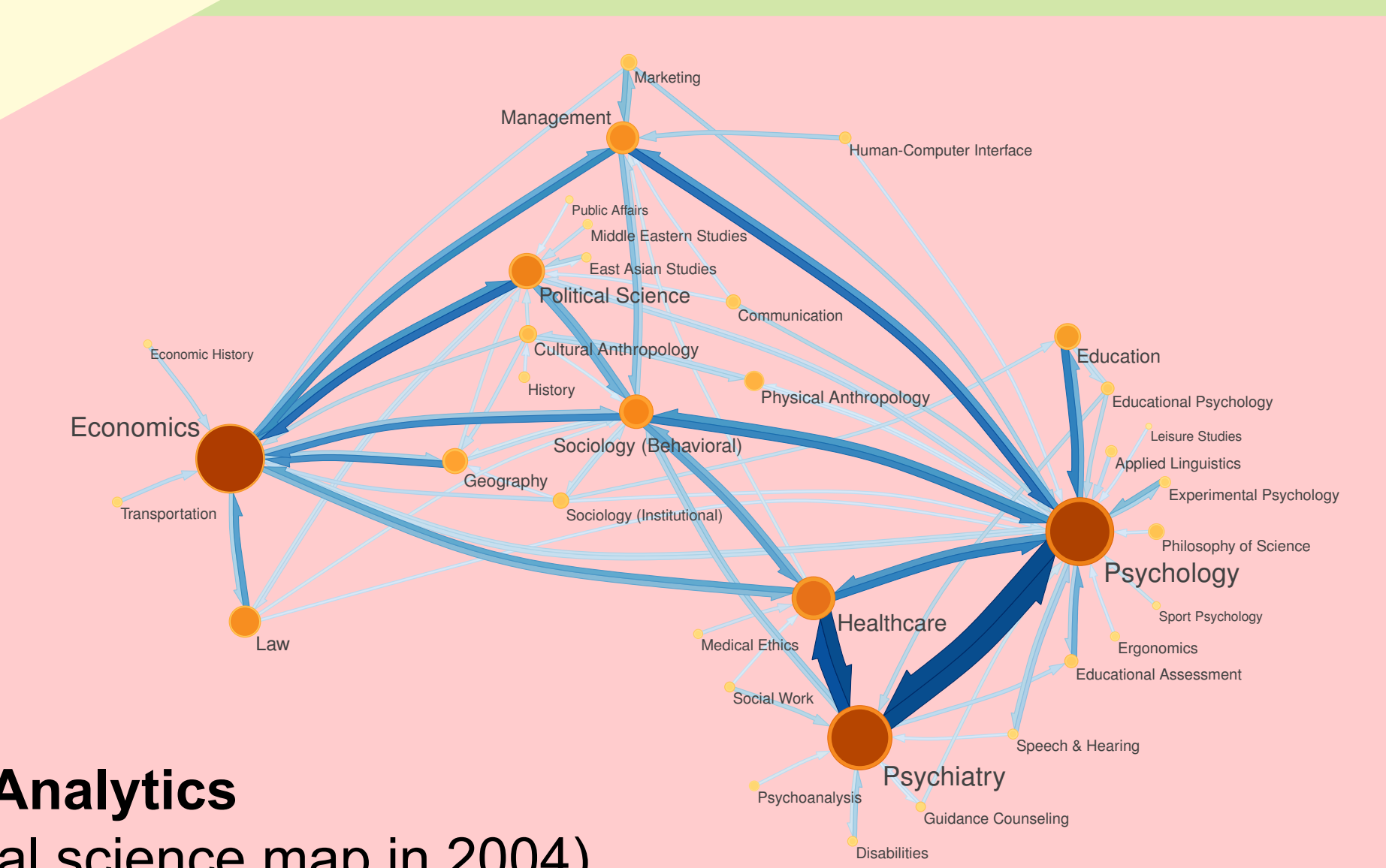
Fig. 1: HDLText: Hierarchical Deep Learning for Text Classification. This is our Deep Neural Network (DNN) approach for text classification. The left figure depicts the parent-level of our model, and the right figure depicts child-level models defined by  $\Psi$ , as input documents in the parent level.

- Input: article abstracts (ca. 300 words)
- Output: three labels (discipline, subdomain, subcategory)



## 4 Evaluation (architecture search)

- For L1 + L2, econ + CS: RNN + CNN works the best, > 90% accuracies for output subcategories
- For L1 + L2 + L3, econ + CS: CNN + CNN + CNN works the best, to be reported



## 5 Network Analytics (e.g., a social science map in 2004)

- Other interesting questions:
- Rise and fall of fields: Using our classification, what are the fields that became important sources of spillovers to other fields.
  - Rise and fall of institutions
  - We could "invent" a taxonomy of break-through innovations?

## 3 Classification Systems (System optimization)

- Capability to take in large datasets: precomputation of word index for large training corpus using MapReduce (6 min. for 24 mio. abstracts), precomputation of one-hot encodings of the abstracts in each discipline and arbitrary combination of training sets across disciplines are possible, precomputation of training/validation partitions on all the levels.
- Distributed learning using *tensorflow*.
- A hierarchical classification system application to other sorts of hierarchies.
- Softmax function at each classification step renders probabilities of discipline membership given one abstract → to what extent one publication belongs to one discipline/subdomain/subcategory.

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